



Integrating an Engagement Classification Pipeline into a GIFT Cybersecurity Module

Benjamin D. Nye, Mark Core,
Daniel Auerbach, Aviroop Ghosal,
Shikhar Jaiswal, & Milton Rosenberg

The work depicted here was sponsored by the U.S. Army. Statements and opinions expressed do not necessarily reflect the position or the policy of the United States Government, and no official endorsement should be inferred.

ICT Learning Science – Analytics Research Objectives

Actionable AI & Machine Learning

- **Algorithms:** How to make better predictions with less data or cost?
- **Human Factors:** What metrics help humans train better?
- **Processes & Prototypes:** How to combine these so users benefit?

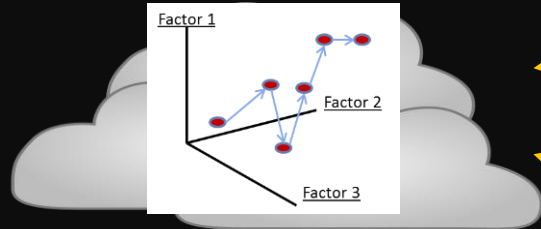
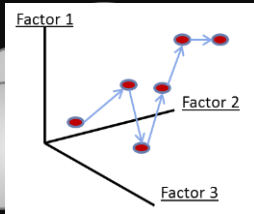
Introduction

- **Engagement:** Action involving making a psychological investment in learning with heightened concentration and interest.
- Why should we study engagement patterns?
 - Lack of engagement - lower learning (Baker et al., 2010)
 - Student engagement predicts dropout (Christenson et al., 2012)
- Okay, but is it worth putting in the effort?
 - Engagement can be induced (Lehman, Graesser, et al., 2011)

Goal : Constant Optimization of Engagement & Learning

Automating Exploration, Analysis & Improvement

SMART-E



Human Expertise

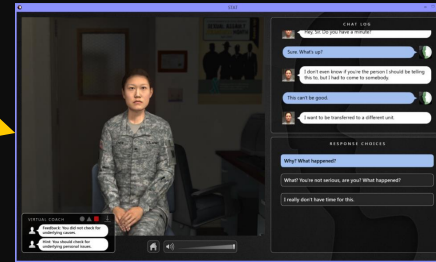
Stats



Course Designers / Instructors



TALK-ON (ARL)



USMA - ELITE



GiFT (ARL)

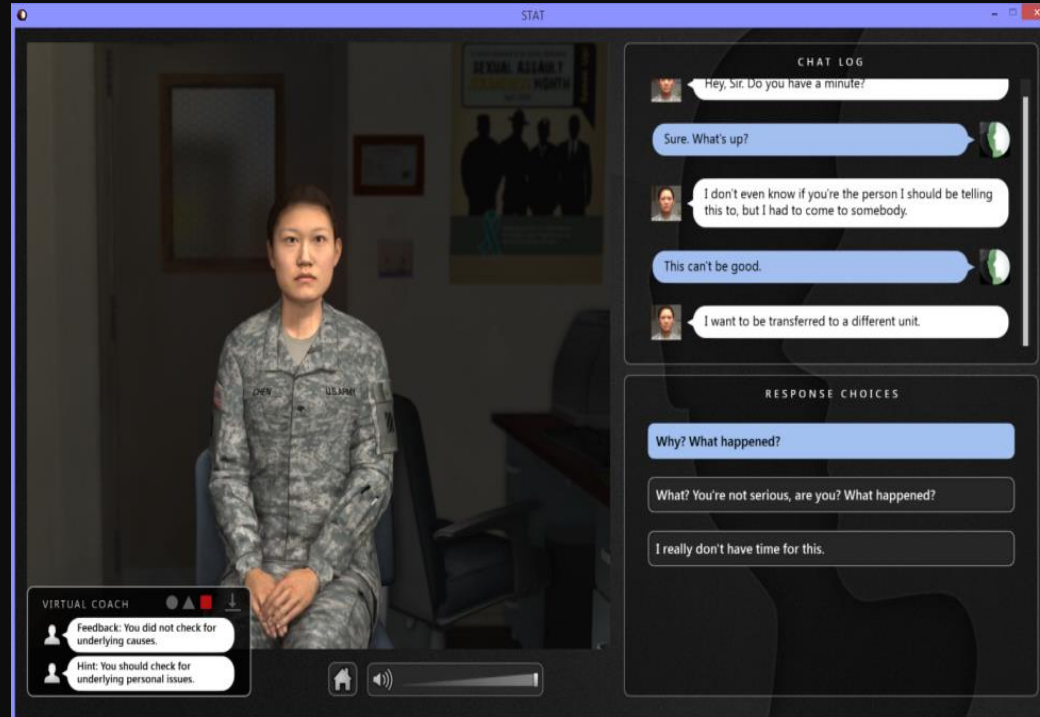
Challenges

- **Cold Start Problem:** Issue that the system cannot draw any **inferences** for objects about which it has not yet gathered sufficient information.
- **Automated Annotation Problem:** Can a purely algorithmic approach match human intuitions in annotating the level of a user's engagement?

Prior Work

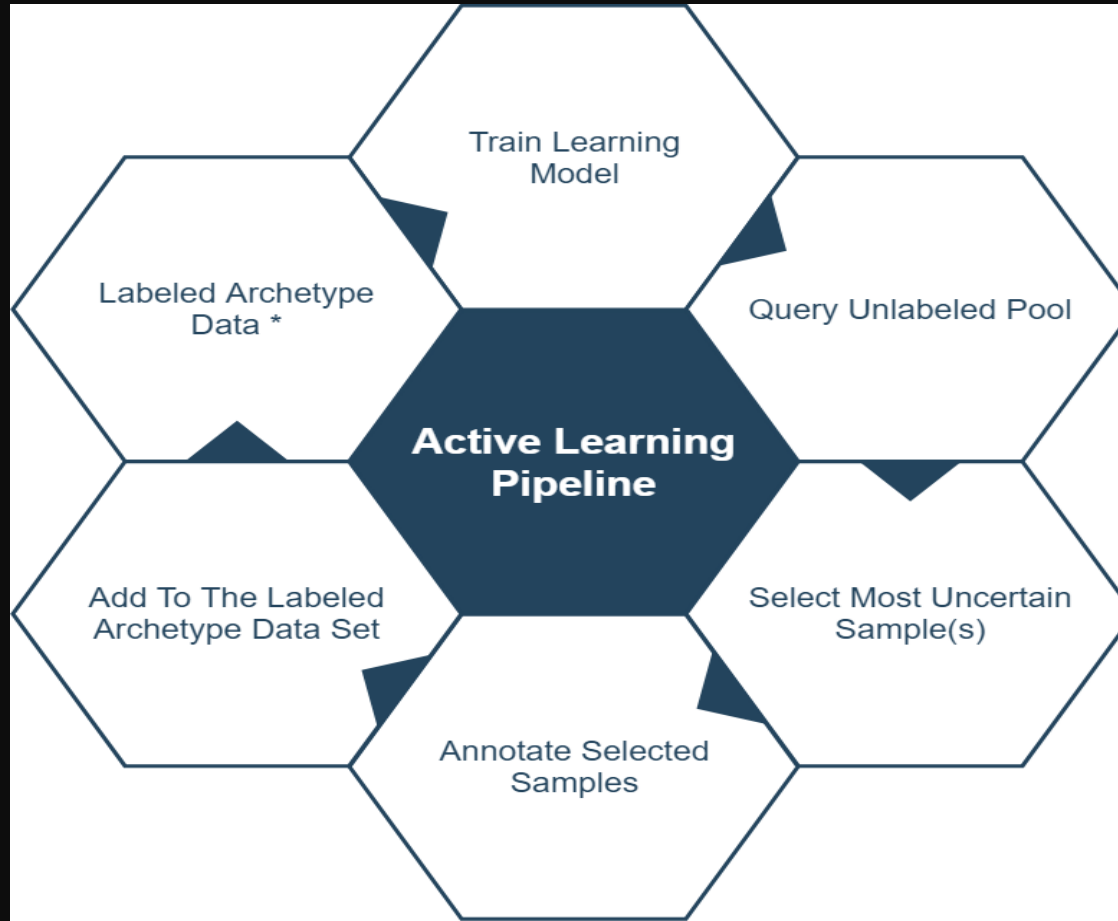
ENGAGE: Promoting Engagement in Virtual Learning Environments

- Empirical work on this model using the ELITE-Lite training system (FY15 - FY17)
 - Interactive agents
 - Scenario character
 - Virtual coach
 - Targets basic skills for counselling subordinates with personal and performance problems.



Current Work

Semi-Supervised Learning Approach



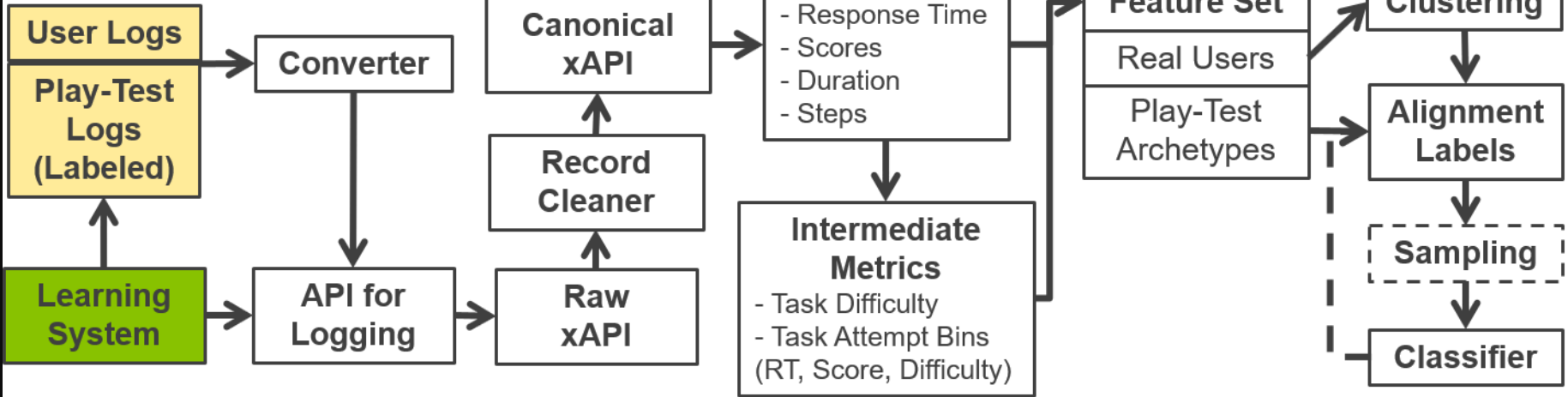
SMART-E Framework Architecture

1. Standards-Based Logs

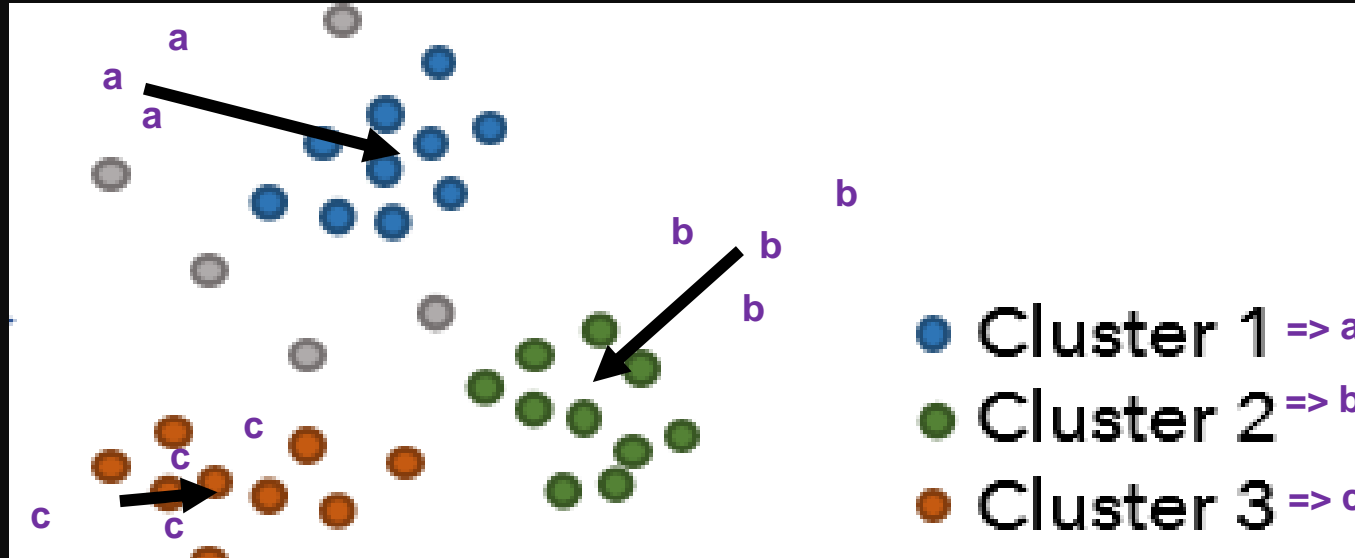
2. Metrics Engine

3. Learner Feature Vector

4. Classifier

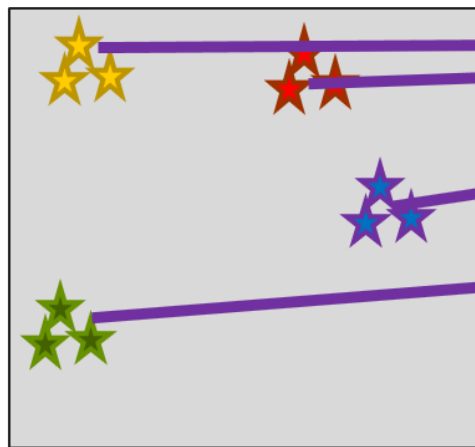


Cluster Alignment Process

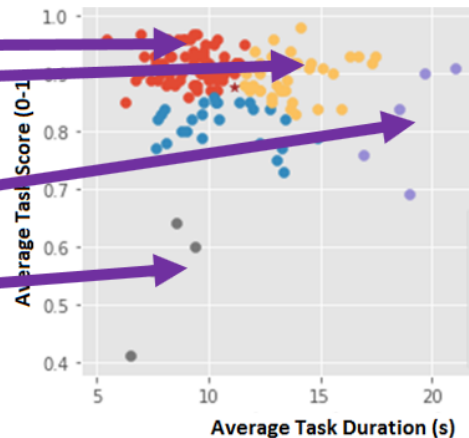


Semi-Supervised Approach

1. Collect Labeled Archetypes



2. Align to Unlabeled Clusters (e.g., GMM)



3. Training Set (Sampled)

A:Y1	A:Y2	A:Y3
0.0	0.0	0.0
391.0	384.0	543.0
562.0	478.0	584.0
746.0	798.0	715.0
823.0	754.0	669.0
736.0	846.0	742.0
832.0	855.0	799.0
923.0	750.0	816.0
801.0	854.0	826.0
811.0	795.0	864.0
942.0	831.0	938.0

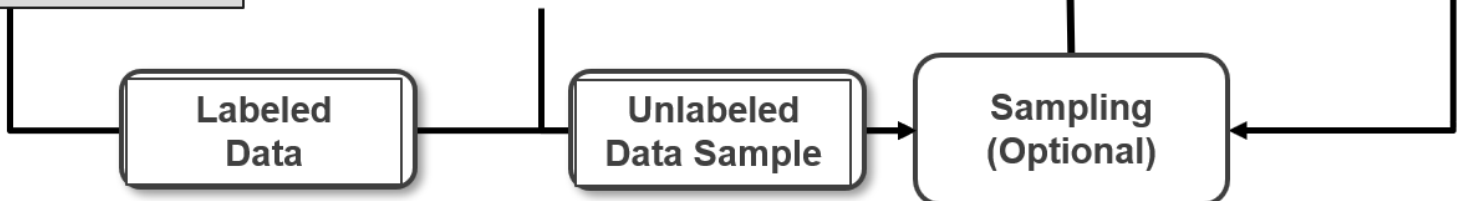
4. Train Classifier (e.g., SVM)

Engagement Classifier

Labeled Data

Unlabeled Data Sample

Sampling (Optional)



What is the cost of the data?

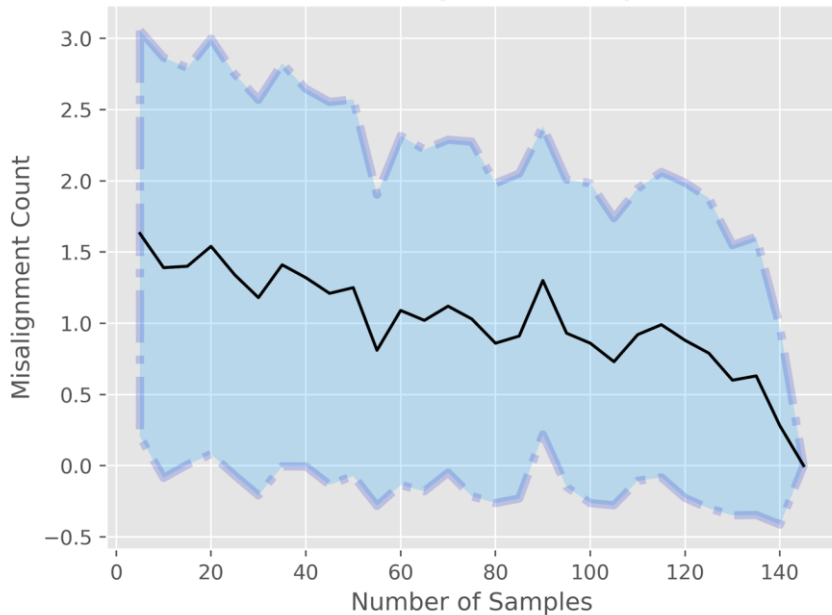
Data Costs (from high to low)

- **Pedagogical Expert:** Reliable, trained annotators who review data
- **Expert User:** Highly trained user who uses system to generate data
- **Novice User:** Users who are barely ready for a task to generate data
- **Target Users:** Users who would typically use system in their normal training, but whose skill levels may be unknown

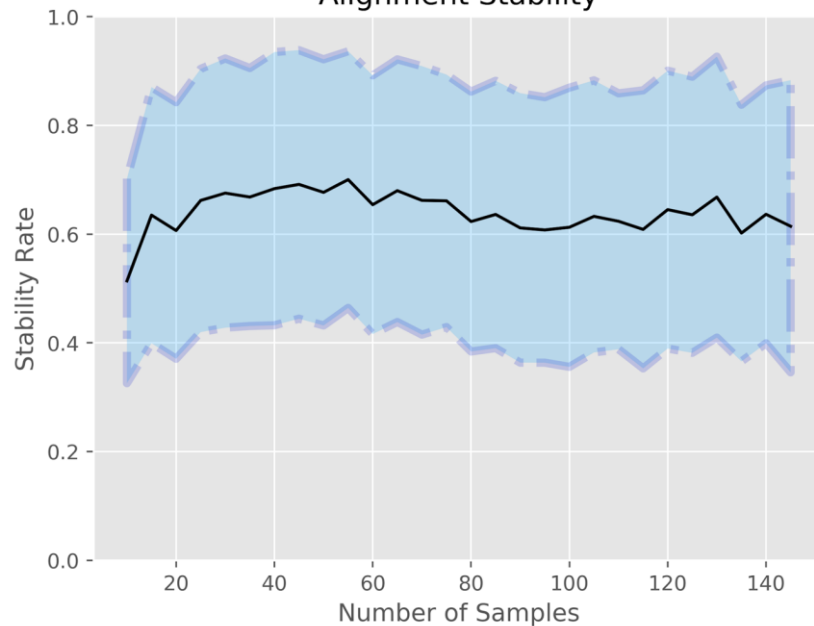
ELITE Results

Clustering and Alignment Analysis

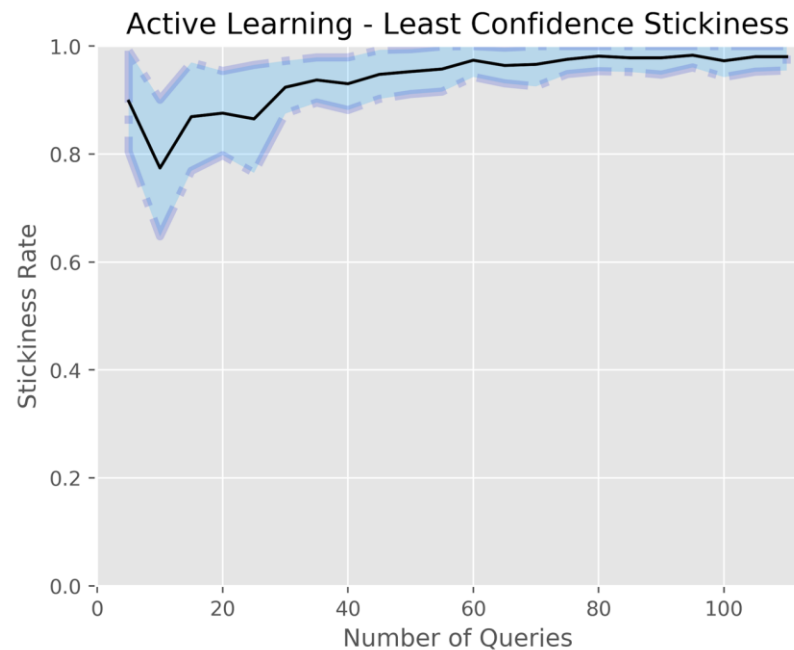
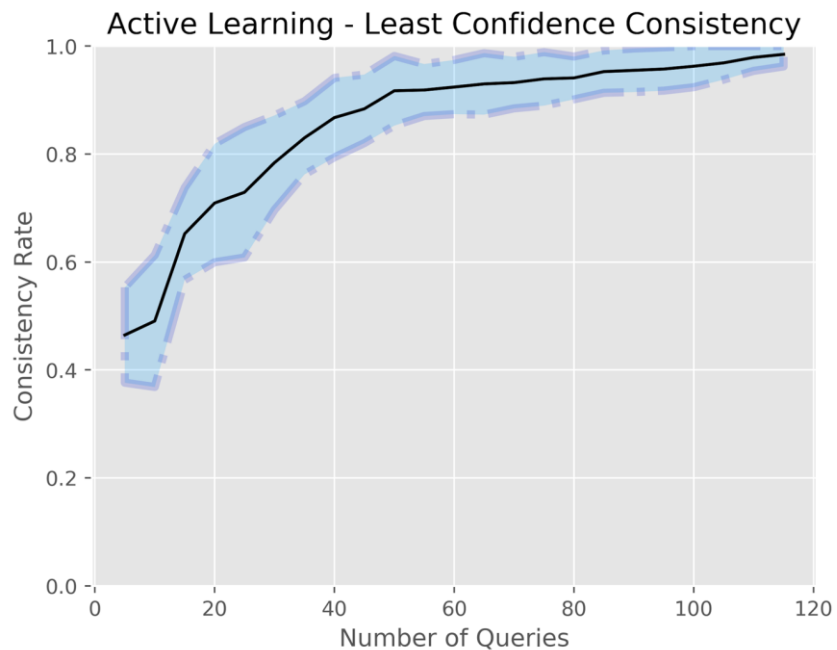
Clustering Consistency



Alignment Stability



Classification Analysis



GIFT Cybersecurity Mini-Course & Integration

GIFT Integration

GIFT

Learning
System



Agent
Container
Module



xAPI
Logging
Service



Raw
xAPI

Canonical
xAPI



Metrics
Engine

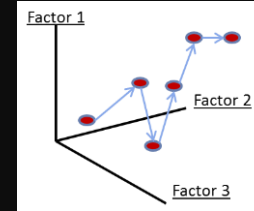


Classifier
Model

Record
Cleaner

Archetype
Benchmarks

Individual Metrics
(Scores, RT, etc.)



Classification

	Video	Planning	Sim-pt1	Sim-pt2	AAR
User1	Green	Red	Green	Green	Green
User2	Green	Red	Green	Green	Green
User3	Red	Red	Green	Green	Yellow
User4	Green	Red	Green	Green	Green

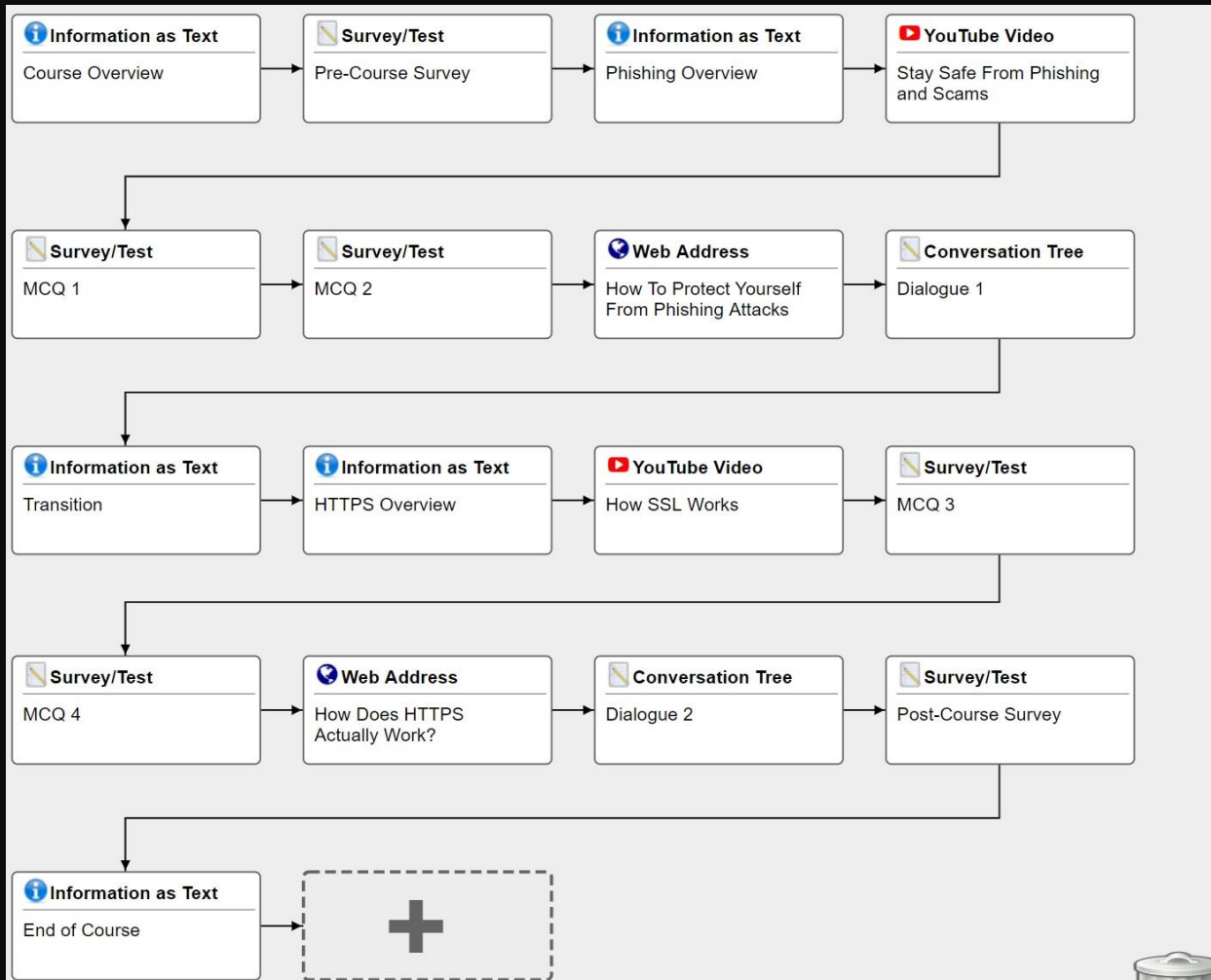
Disengaged

Engaged

GIFT Cybersecurity Mini-Course

- Two modules: Phishing and HTTPS (lighter vs. drier)
- Each module has 6 activities:
 - Text Introduction
 - Video Overview
 - Basic Questions (3 multiple choice)
 - Intermediate Questions (3 harder multiple choice)
 - External URL
 - Dialog-Based assessment

GIFT Course



Phishing) vs. Drier (HTTPS)

GIFT: Welcome to the Interactive Dialogue Assessment! Please answer the following questions to the best of your ability.

GIFT: The entire SSL Certificate model has a primary point of weakness in context of which of the following?

The Certificate Authority (CA) and the public-private encryption model.

The root Certificate Authority (CA).

The ability to spectate network traffic.

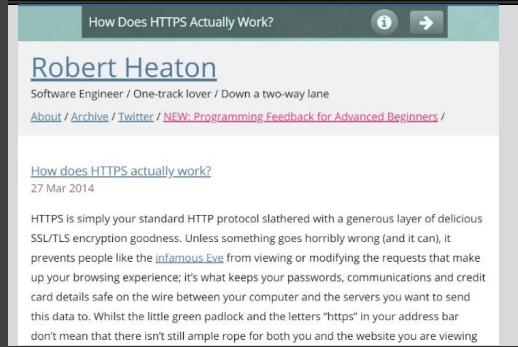
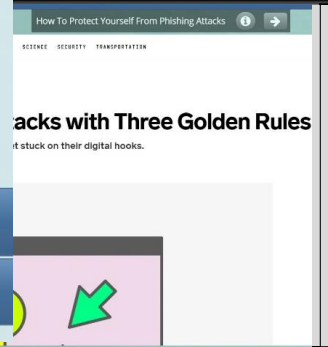
me: The Certificate Authority (CA) and the public-private encryption model.

GIFT: In what sense do Digital Signatures help in communication?

The use of public key ensures that no one can tamper with the certificate.

If a server claims to have a certificate that is signed by some other CA, the browser doesn't have to take its word for it.

The digital signatures provide authentication that the certificate is actually from the person to whom one intends to talk.



GIFT: Welcome to the Interactive Dialogue Assessment! Please answer the following questions to the best of your ability.

GIFT: Which of the following is the best way to prevent a possible phishing attack?

Carefully thinking before clicking any link in any email or text, or downloading attachments and putting personal information or login credentials into any form that one might have any reason not to trust.

Assessing the threat posed by the link and informing the appropriate fraud prevention authorities.

Not clicking on any email or text from a person you have never met before.

me: Assessing the threat posed by the link and informing the appropriate fraud prevention authorities.

GIFT: Why should dormant accounts (whether in the domain of personal communication or finance) be closed?

Institutions don't have enough controls and programs over internal actions and they are not flagged for review.

Dormant accounts have lower scrutiny and security restrictions compared to active accounts.

GIFT: Welcome to the Interactive Dialogue Assessment! Please answer the following questions to the best of your ability.

GIFT: The entire SSL Certificate model has a primary point of weakness in context of which of the following?

The Certificate Authority (CA) and the public-private encryption model.

The root Certificate Authority (CA).

The ability to spectate network traffic.

me: The Certificate Authority (CA) and the public-private encryption model.

GIFT: In what sense do Digital Signatures help in communication?

The use of public key ensures that no one can tamper with the certificate.

If a server claims to have a certificate that is signed by some other CA, the browser doesn't have to take its word for it.

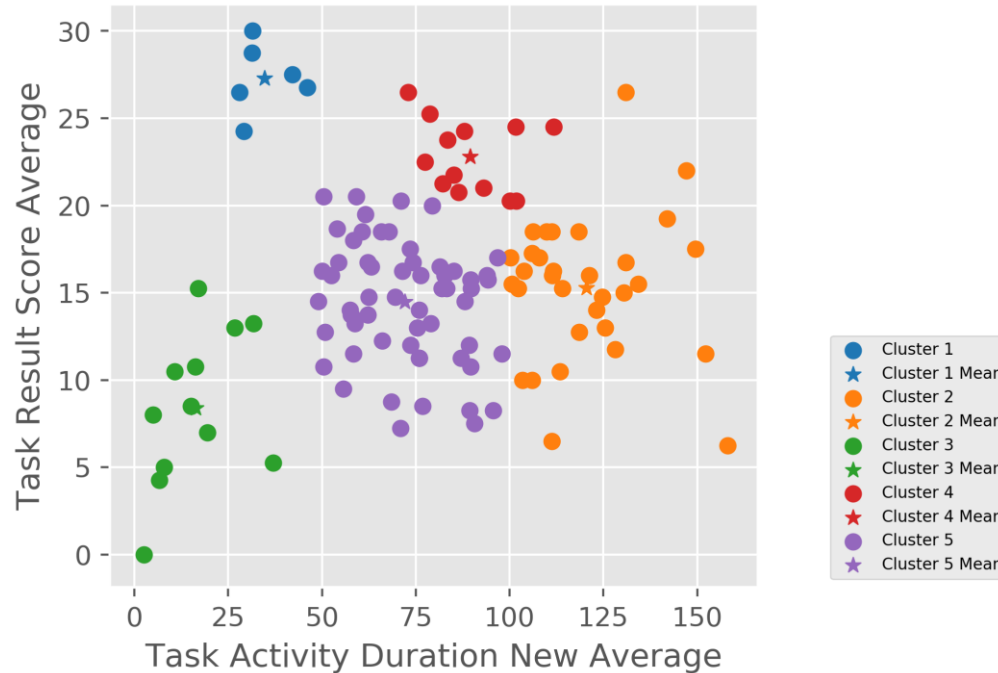
The digital signatures provide authentication that the certificate is actually from the person to whom one intends to talk.

GIFT Mini-Course Data Set

- Collected 17 archetype data points
 - Diligent, Distracted, Racing, Expert
- Collected 100 real user data points
- Surveyed pre-post interest and confidence/experience in topic

Preliminary Results (K-Means)

Task Activity Duration New Average vs Task Result Score Average



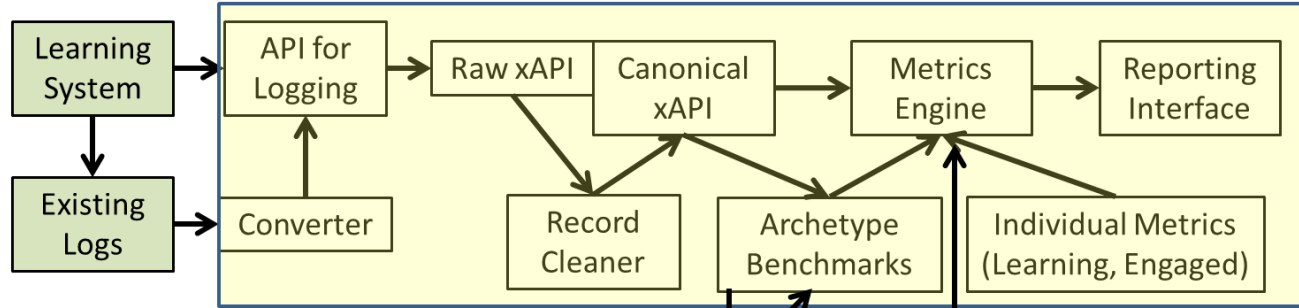
Conclusions & Next Steps

- Integration Successful Overall
 - 100 subjects completed study with GIFT+SMART-E logging
 - No notable data loss
 - Logs have been processed into viable metrics
 - Initial clusters look promising and similar to ELITE
- Classification Research Ongoing
 - Conduct a sweep for different amounts of user data
 - Analyze classification results with self-reported engagement

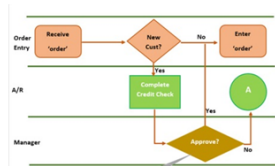
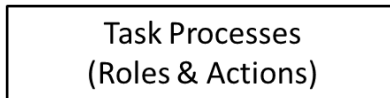
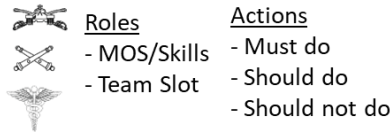
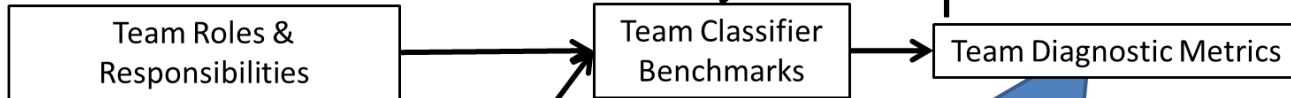
Next Steps

- SLATS for STE
 - Semi-Supervised team assessment
 - Team metrics as inputs
- Team Types:
 - Expert Team
 - Team of Experts
 - Weak Link(s)
 - Novices

SMART-E Baseline Framework

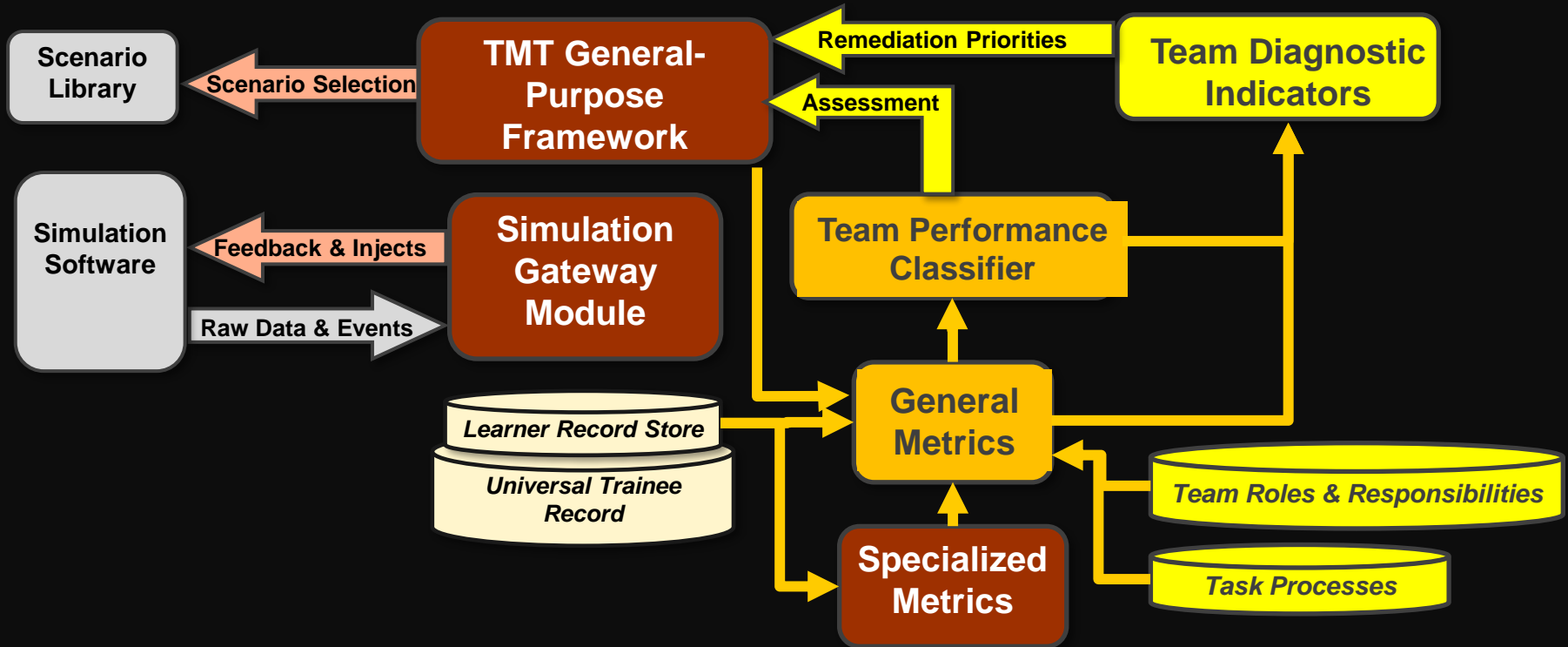


Collective Training Additions



	Individual	Team
Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Engagement & Commitment - Action Performance (Steps of task) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Task Performance - Teamwork Perf. (Communication & Coordination)
Outcome	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Task Performance - Supporting Behavior - Efficiency/latency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mission Performance - Team Archetype - Efficiency/latency

SLATS service



Training Simulation Software



Training Management Tools



Extended from SMART-E



New SLATS Services



Team Diagnostic Indicators (Input Categories)

	Individual	Team
Process	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Engagement & Commitment - Action Performance (Steps of task) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Task Performance - Teamwork Perf. (e.g., communication) - Backup Behavior
Outcome	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Task Performance - Supporting Behavior - Efficiency/latency 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mission Performance - Efficiency/latency